

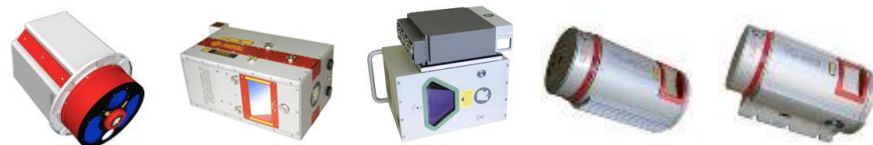
Emerging platforms in a new information era

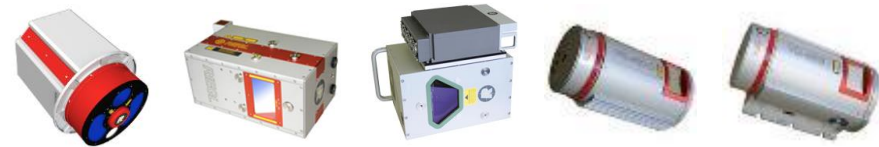
Justin Brooks

System Applications Engineer

Tampa, FL | May 5, 2015







UAV Technological Timeline

1980's – RPV (Remotely Piloted Vehicle)

- Operator on ground, almost near real-time control of aircraft.

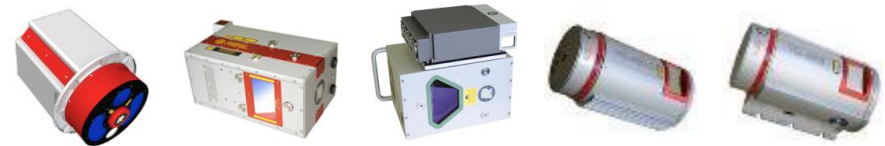
1990's – UAV (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle)

- Functional flight control systems. Operator on ground takes over intermittently as necessary for course correction.

2005+ – UAS (Unmanned Aerial Systems)

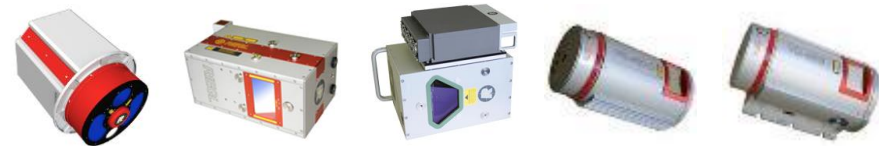
- Complete flight path automation. Operator on ground can modify flight path or take over in emergencies.





UAV's – Effective New Tool Changing the Landscape of Aerial Surveying and Data Acquisition

- UAS will never replace fully piloted aircraft.
- UAS size = small = decreased radar, acoustical, infrared and environmental signatures.
- UAS is cost effective, as compared to fully manned aircraft (cheaper fuel costs, no crew downtime, minimal aircraft maintenance, no aircrew, minimal weight, easy mobility).
- Safety is improved due to both piloted and autonomous flight.



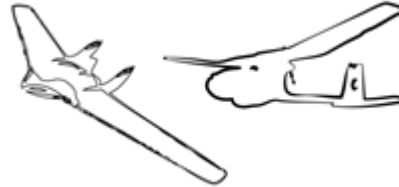
Advantages of each type of UAV's

Multi-Rotors



- Complexity of system design has increased and developed over recent years.
- Lighter and stronger materials and components
- Multi-rotor components readily available
- No need for a runway
- Vertical take off
- Hovering in place
- Low altitude flight

Fixed Wing



- Ability to stay airborne is not a function of the drive motor
- Less overall power consumption per flight.
- Stable in flight
- Robust
- Can survey farther distances
- Good payload capability
- Single motor operation

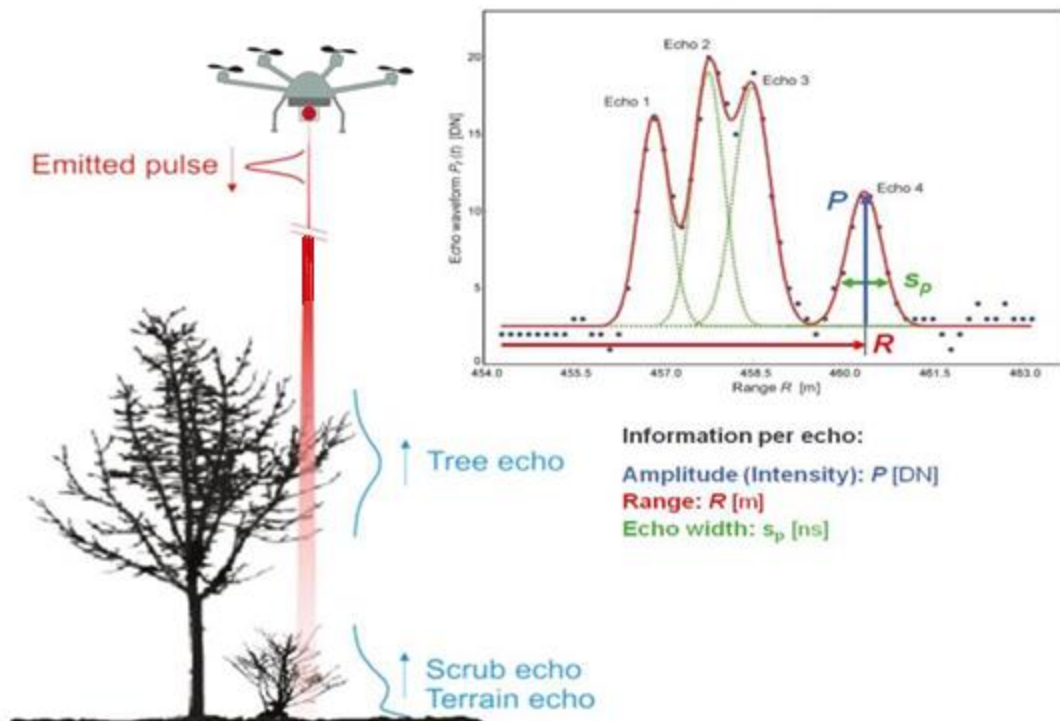
Helicopter UAV



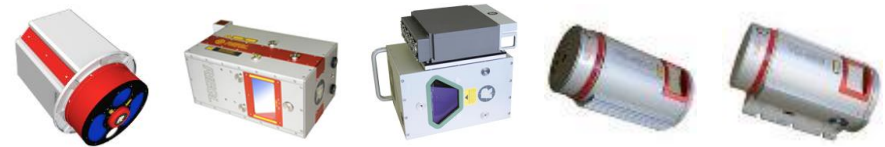
- Highly maneuverable
- Great placement of sensor payload
- Single motor operation
- Vertical take off
- Hovering in place
- Low altitude flight
- No need for a runway

Advantages of Echo Digitization and Waveform Analysis

Interaction of Laser Pulse with Target



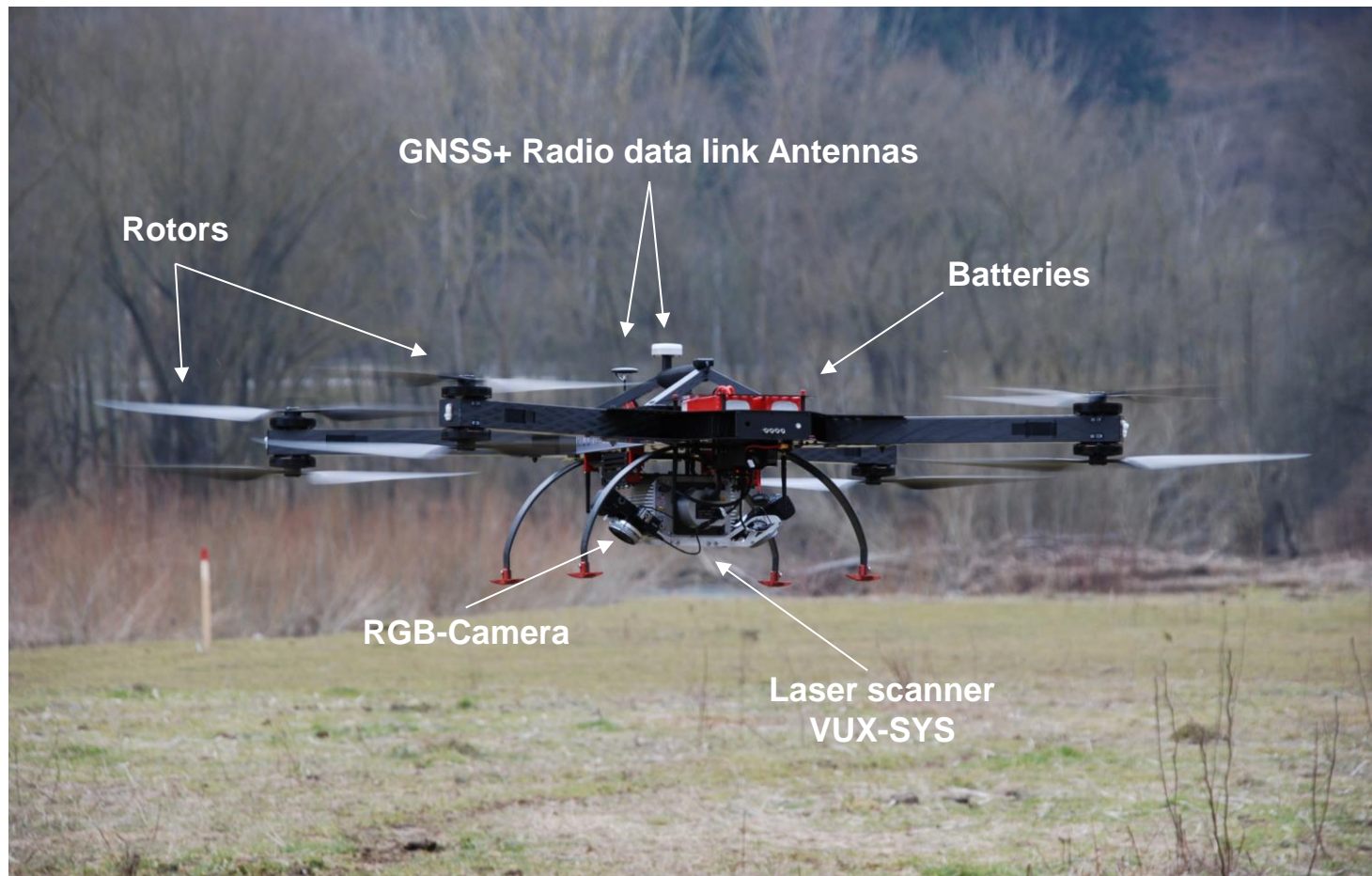
- » High multi-target resolution
- » High accuracy of multi-target echoes
- » Pulse width estimation
- » Enables radiometric calibration
- » Excellent penetration of vegetation
- » Accurate digital elevation map
- » Improves classification process
- » Remote control and autonomous operation capability

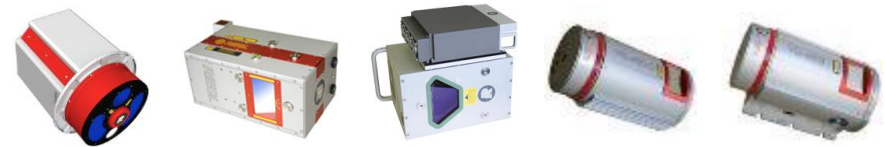


Benefits to LiDAR Integrated UAV's

- New technology allows for LiDAR acquisition at a fraction of the current aerial surveying aircraft costs.
- Small form factor allows for easy mobilization to site and thus, more remote sites.
- Easy mobilization and lower operational costs, as well as time saved, results in a faster return on investment for the LiDAR/UAV remote sensing.
- Faster deployment for repeat scans of an AOI
- Expands LiDAR to new and novel applications currently in use with UAV's.

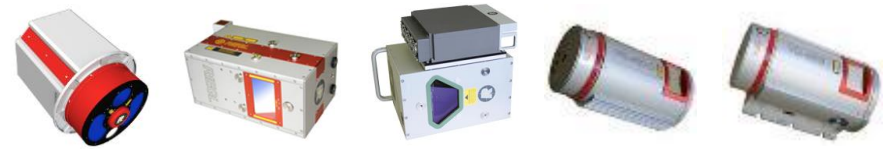
UAS: RiCOPTER w/VUX-SYS Components





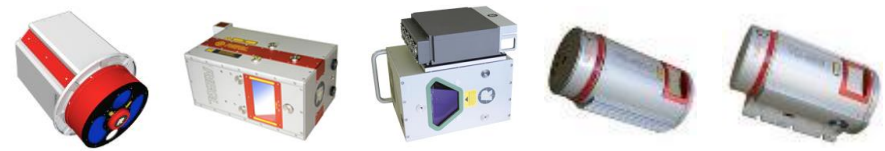
UAS: RiCOPTER w/VUX-SYS in action





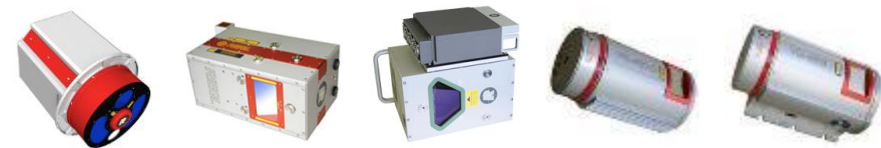
UAS: RiCOPTER w/VUX-SYS in action





UAS: RiCOPTER w/VUX-SYS Portability





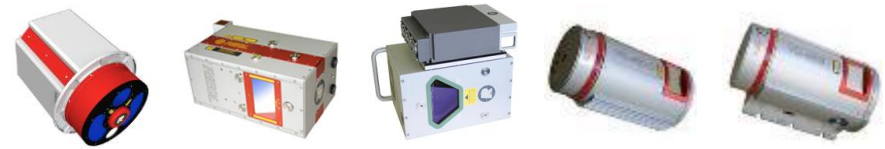
UAS: RiCOPTER Key Facts

Main Dimensions arms folded (for transportation & storage) arms unfolded (ready to fly)	624mm x 986mm x 470mm 1,920mm x 1,820mm x 470mm
MTOM (Maximum Take-Off Mass)	< 25 kg
Max. Payload (batteries & sensors)	up to 16 kg
Max. Operating Flight Altitude AGL	> 500 ft operational limits for civil unmanned aircraft according to national regulations to be observed
Flight Endurance (with max. payload)	> 30 min.
Transportation Case (dimensions)	1,220mm x 810mm x 540mm

Source: http://www.riegl.com/uploads/tx_pxpriegl/downloads/RICOPTER_at_a_glance_2014-10-29.pdf

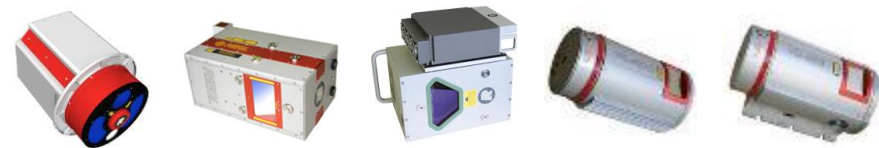
- Robust and reliable airborne scanner carrying platform
- Full mechanical and electrical integration of sensor system components into aircraft fuselage
- Carbon Fiber main frame, foldable propeller carrier arms and shock absorbing undercarriage enable stable flight, safe landings and handy transportation
- Coaxial array of 4x2 propellers enhancing flight stability and failure safety while reducing overall weight



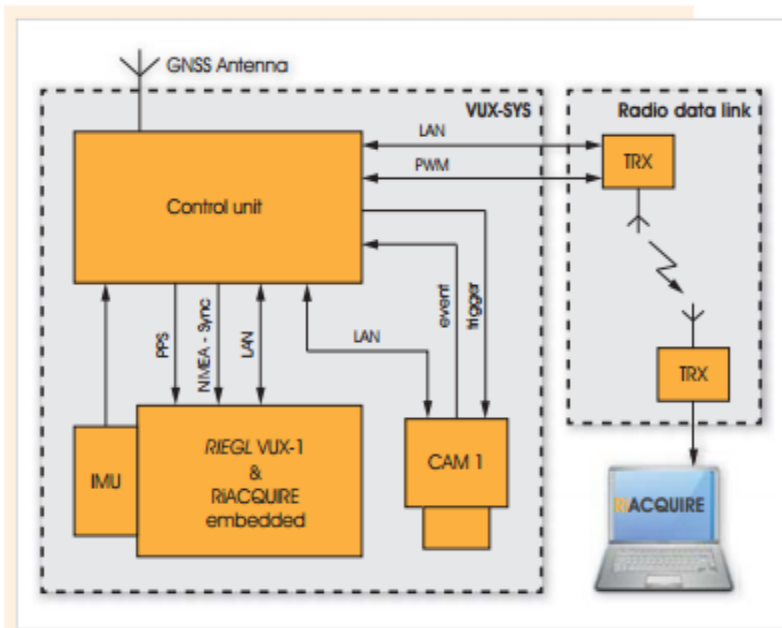


UAS: RiCOPTER w/VUX-SYS Components

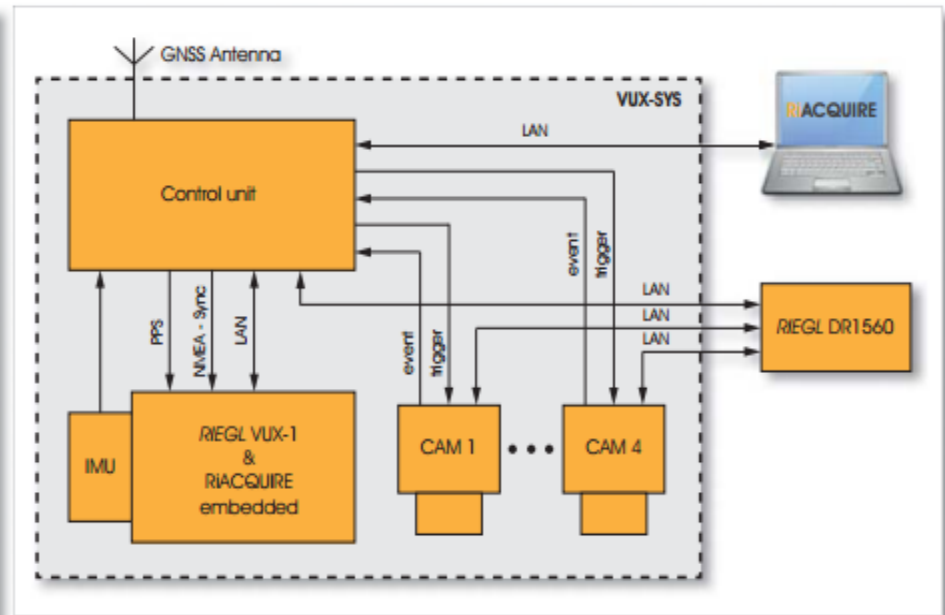




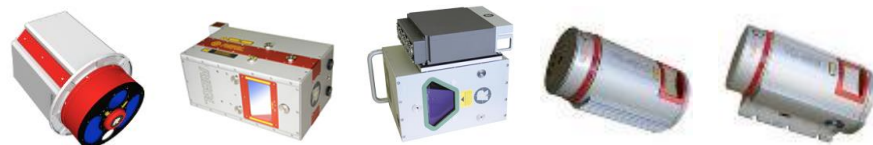
RIEGL VUX-SYS Workflow



RIEGL VUX-SYS remote control setup

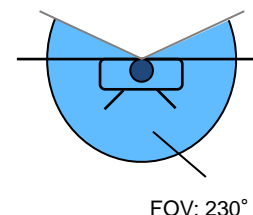


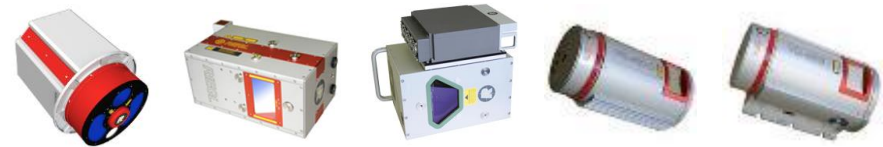
RIEGL VUX-SYS conventional control setup



RIEGL VUX-SYS Key Facts

System Components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RIEGL VUX-1 UAS LiDAR sensor • IMU/GNSS unit with antenna • control unit • up to 4 cameras (optional)
RIEGL VUX-1 Scanner Performance when integrated in RiCOPTER Field of View (FOV) max. effective measurement rate max. range @ target reflectivity 20 % minimum range range accuracy eye safety class according to IEC60825-1:2007	230° up to 350,000 meas./sec 550 m 3 m 10 mm Laser Class 1
IMU/GNSS Unit accuracy Roll, Pitch / accuracy Heading IMU sampling rate position accuracy (typ.)	0.015° / 0.035° 200 Hz 0.05 m - 0.3 m
Camera Interfaces	4x trigger and event marker

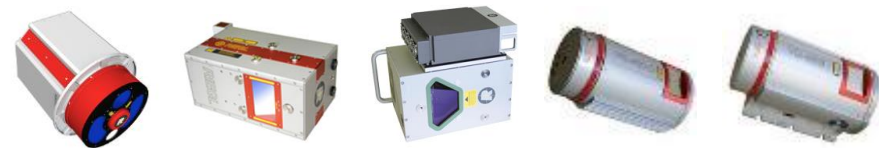




RIEGL VUX-1

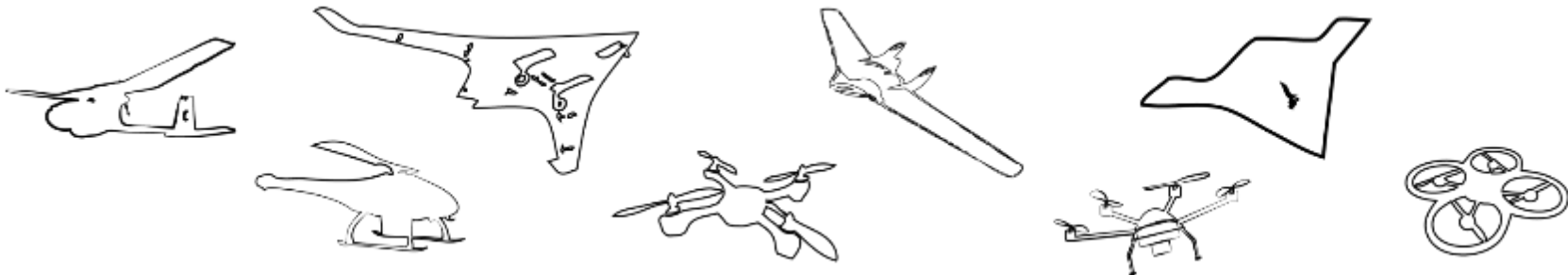
- High-accuracy ranging
- Survey grade measurement
 - Accuracy/Precision 10mm/5mm
- High laser pulse repetition rate of **550kHz** for fast acquisition
- Fast scan speed up to **200 scans / sec**
- Operating altitude of more than 1000ft
- **Internal data storage** capability of 240 GB
- **Low power consumption** of 60W while scanning

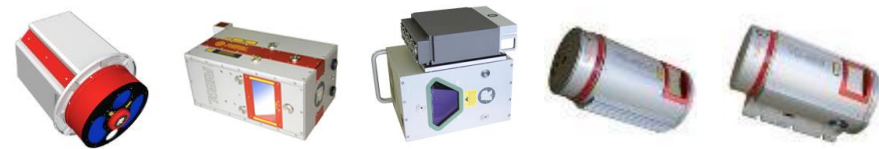




Applications of LiDAR integrated UAV's

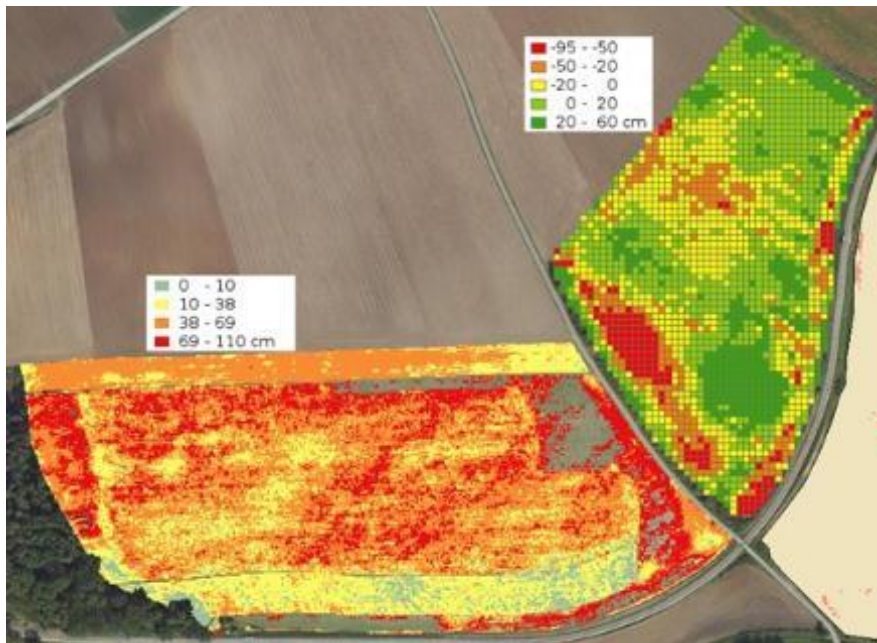
Powerlines
 Pipelines
 Canyons
 Forests
 Architecture - Cultural Heritage
 Caves
 Narrow Urban Areas
 Gas Lines
 Wind Parks
 Substations
 Agricultural Land
 Aquaducts
 Danger areas
 Offshore Oil Rigs
 Power Plants
 Traffic Accident Scenes
 Port Facilities
 Valleys
 Flood Zones
 Wildlife Refuges
 Archeological Sites
 Bridges
 Open pit mines
 Golf Courses
 Complex Industrial Plants
 Racetracks



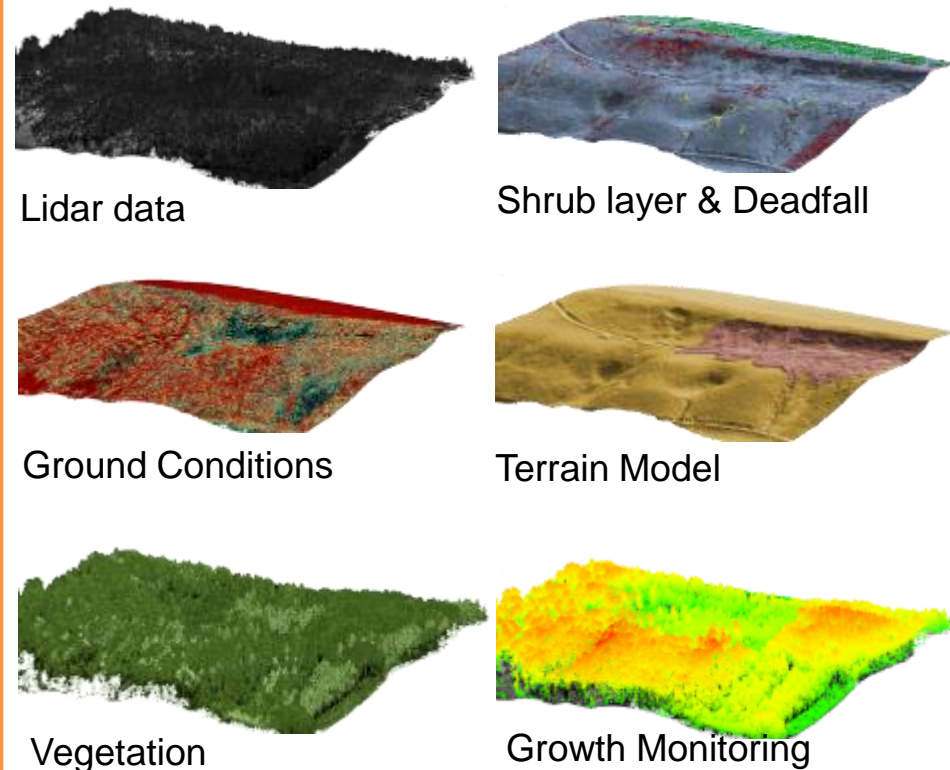


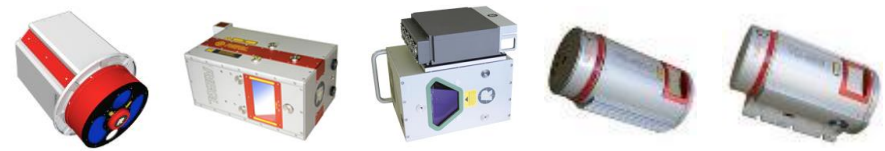
Example of Applications

Application: Precision Agriculture



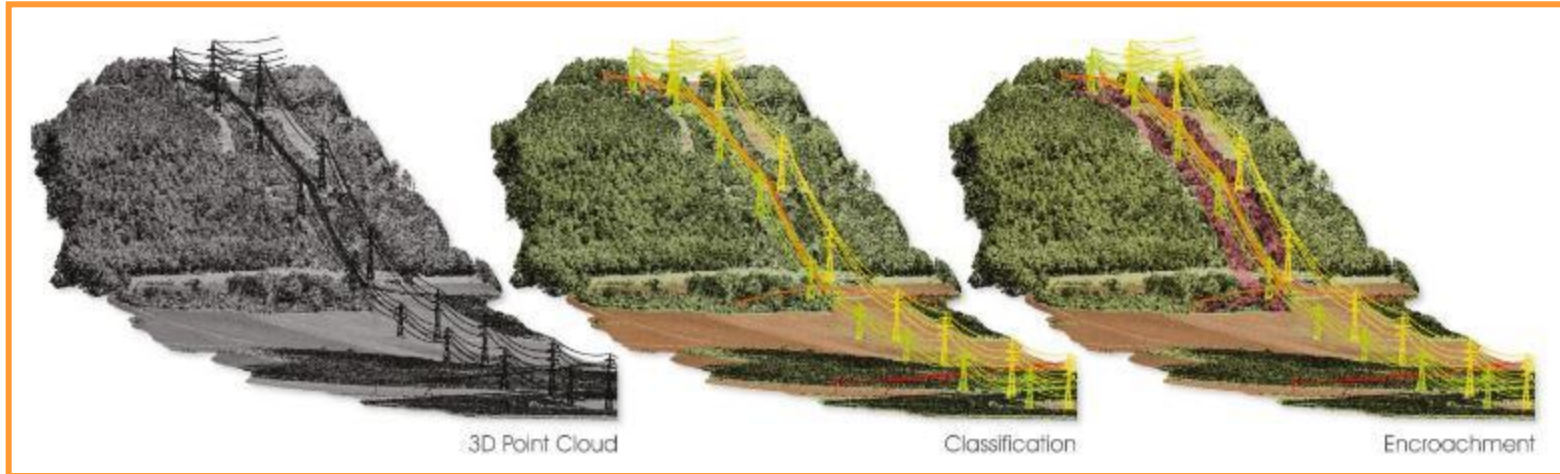
Application: Forestry



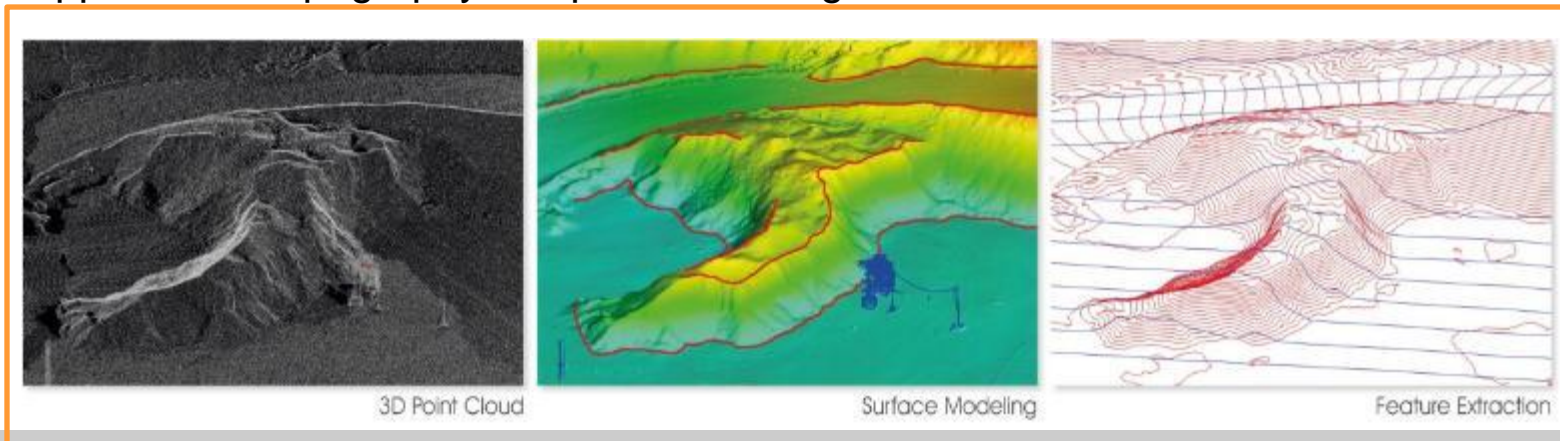


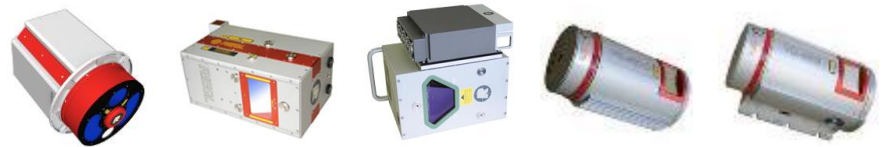
Example of Applications

Application: Power Line Inspection & Infrastructure Monitoring



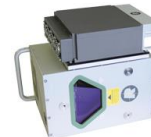
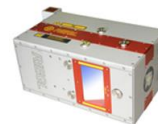
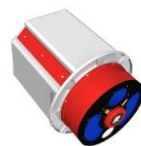
Application: Topography in Open-Pit Mining Areas





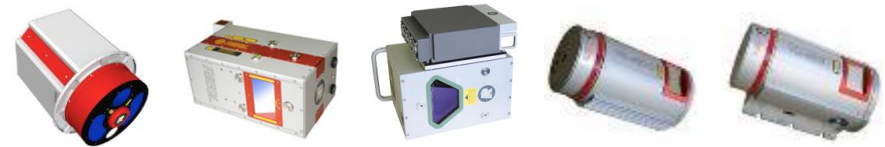
Study Area: Pielach





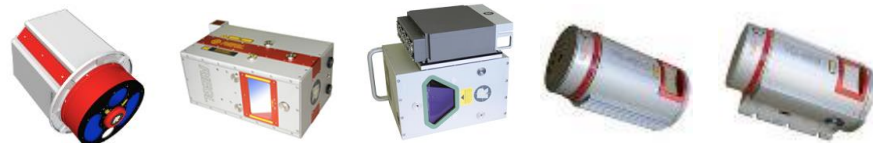
Study Area: Test Plan



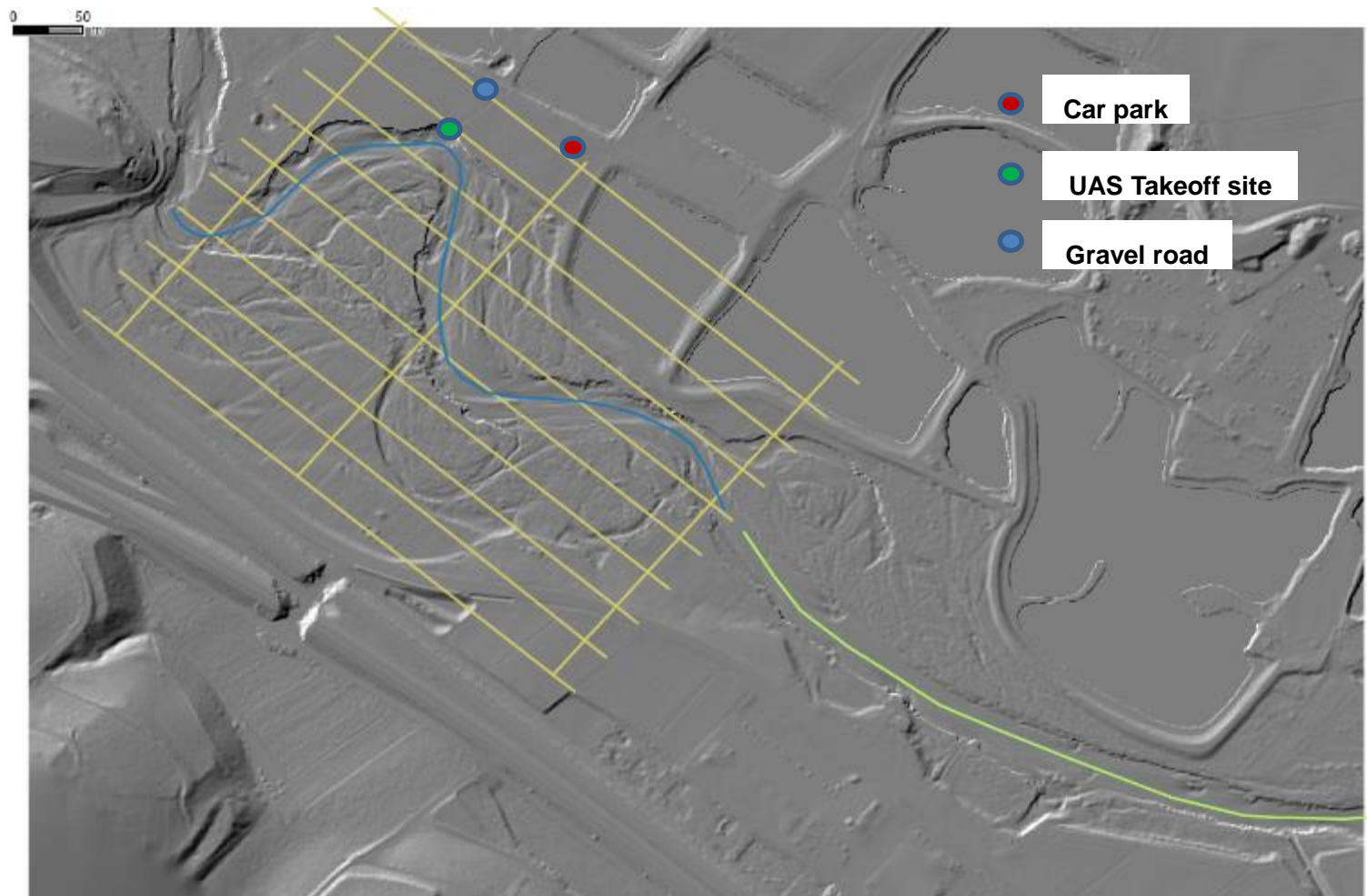


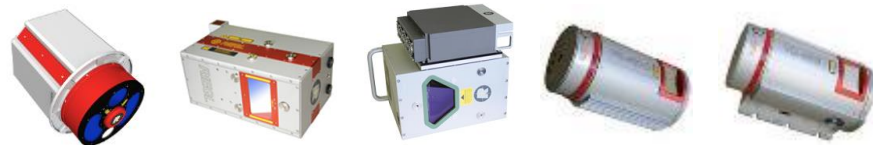
Data Capture: Live Video Stream/Downlink



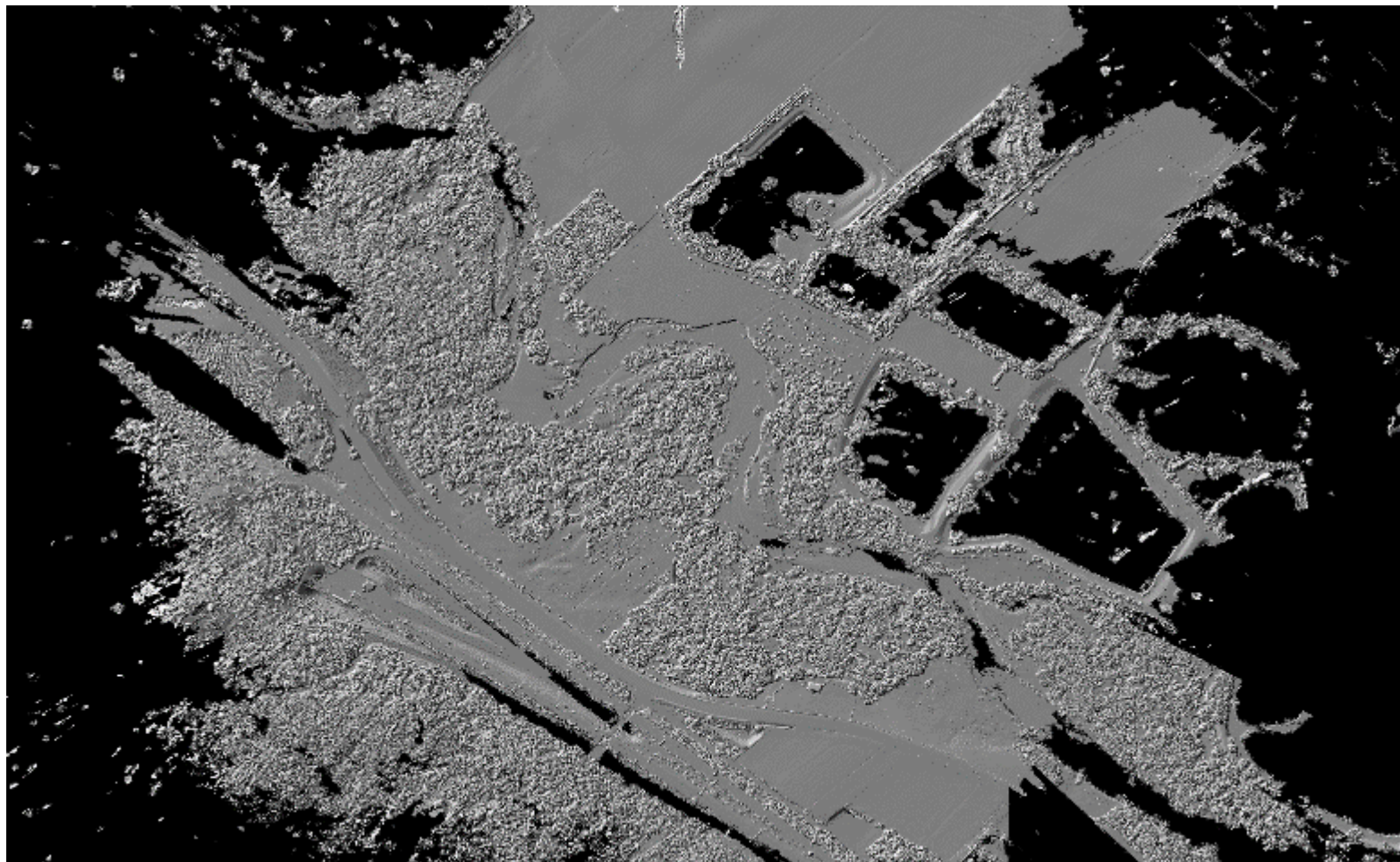


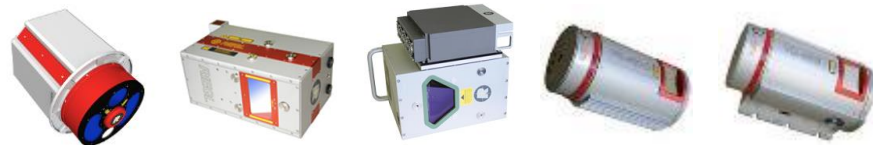
Data Acquisition: Flight Planning



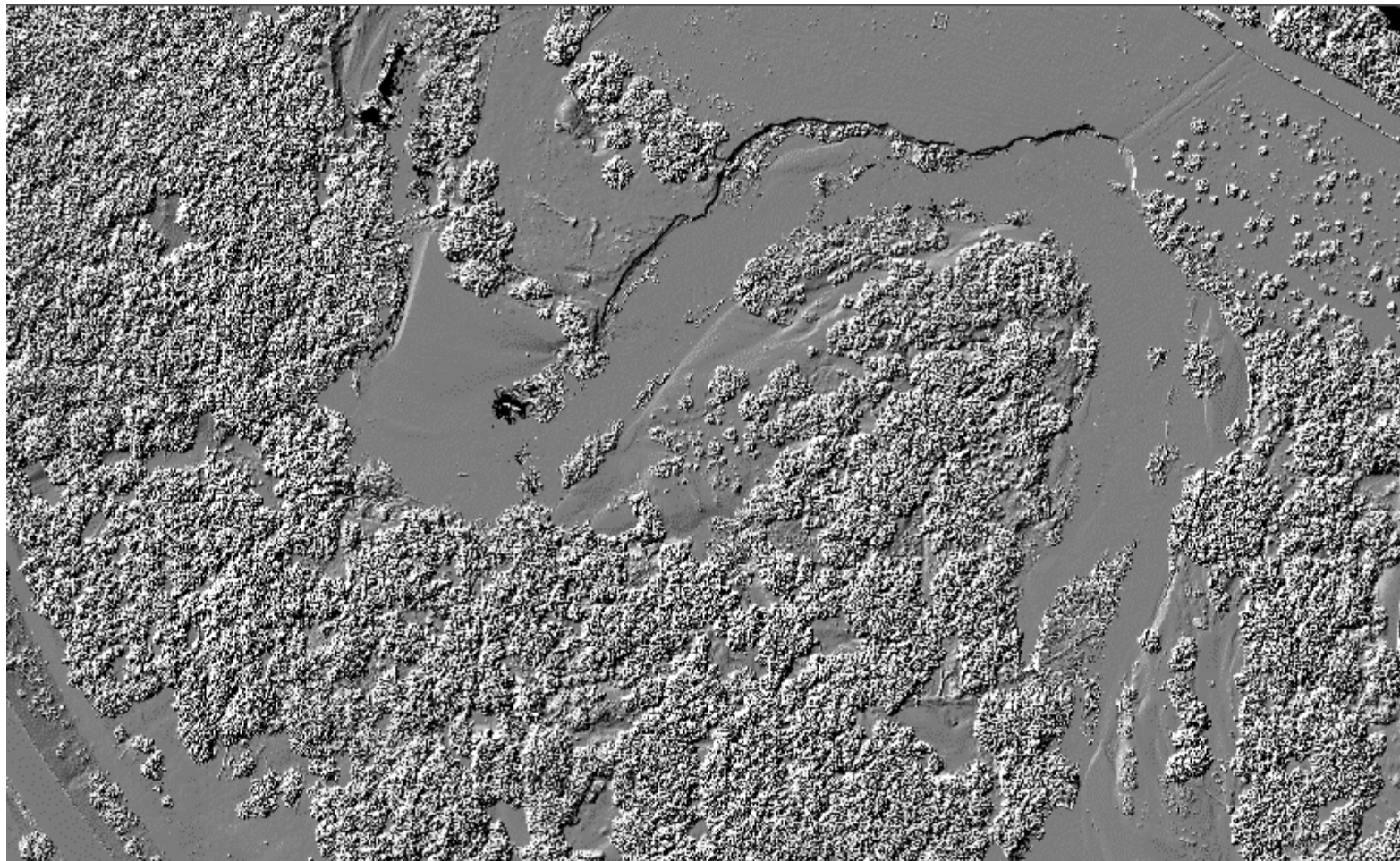


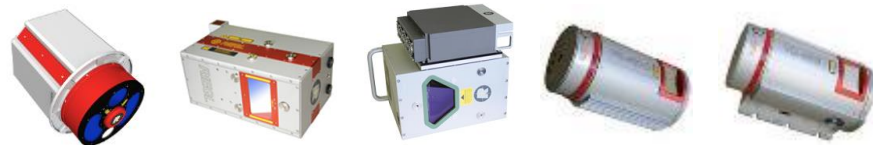
Data Acquisition: Flight Block Overview



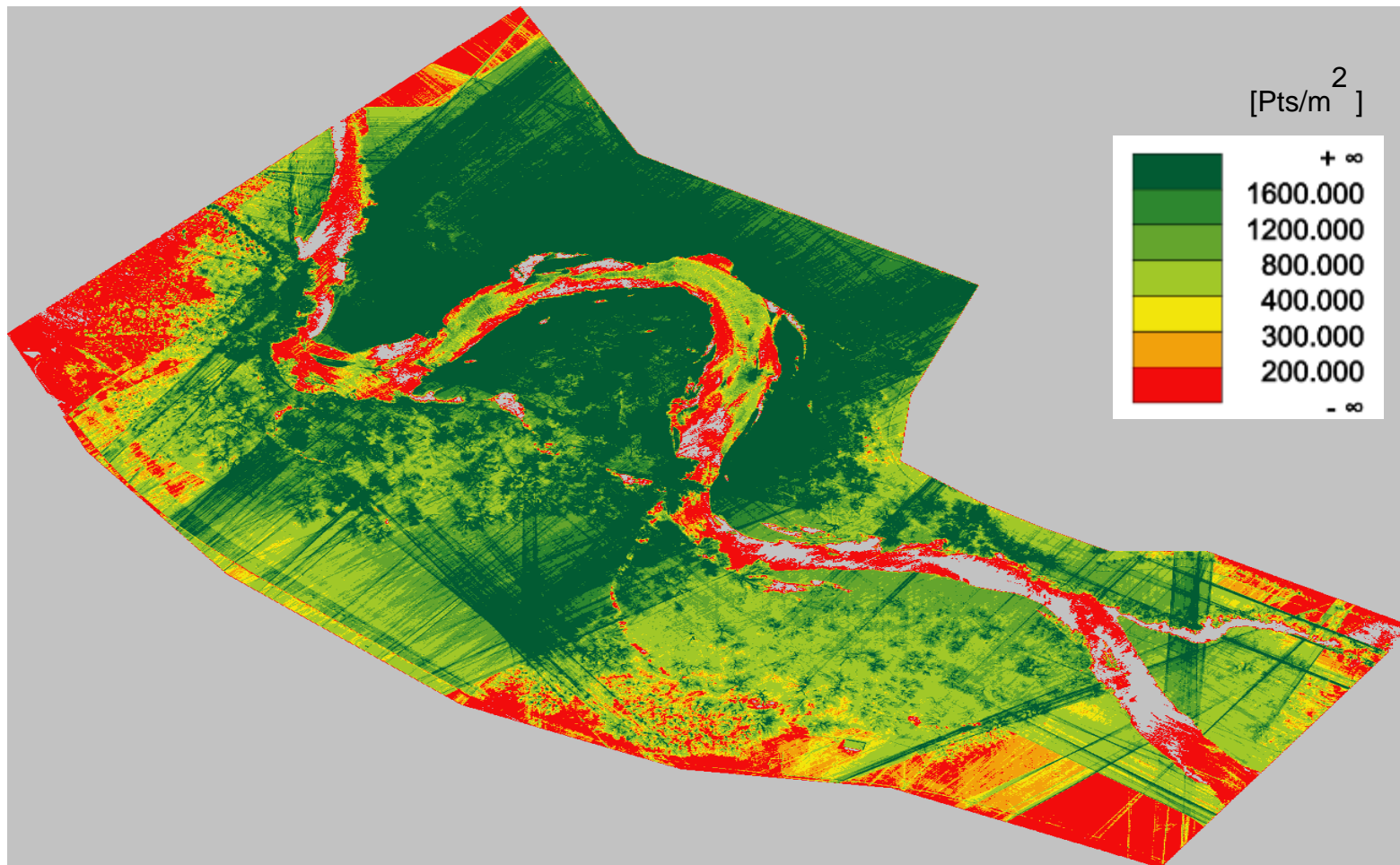


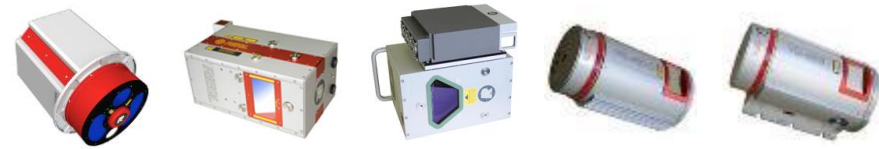
Data Acquisition: DSM Shading Detail



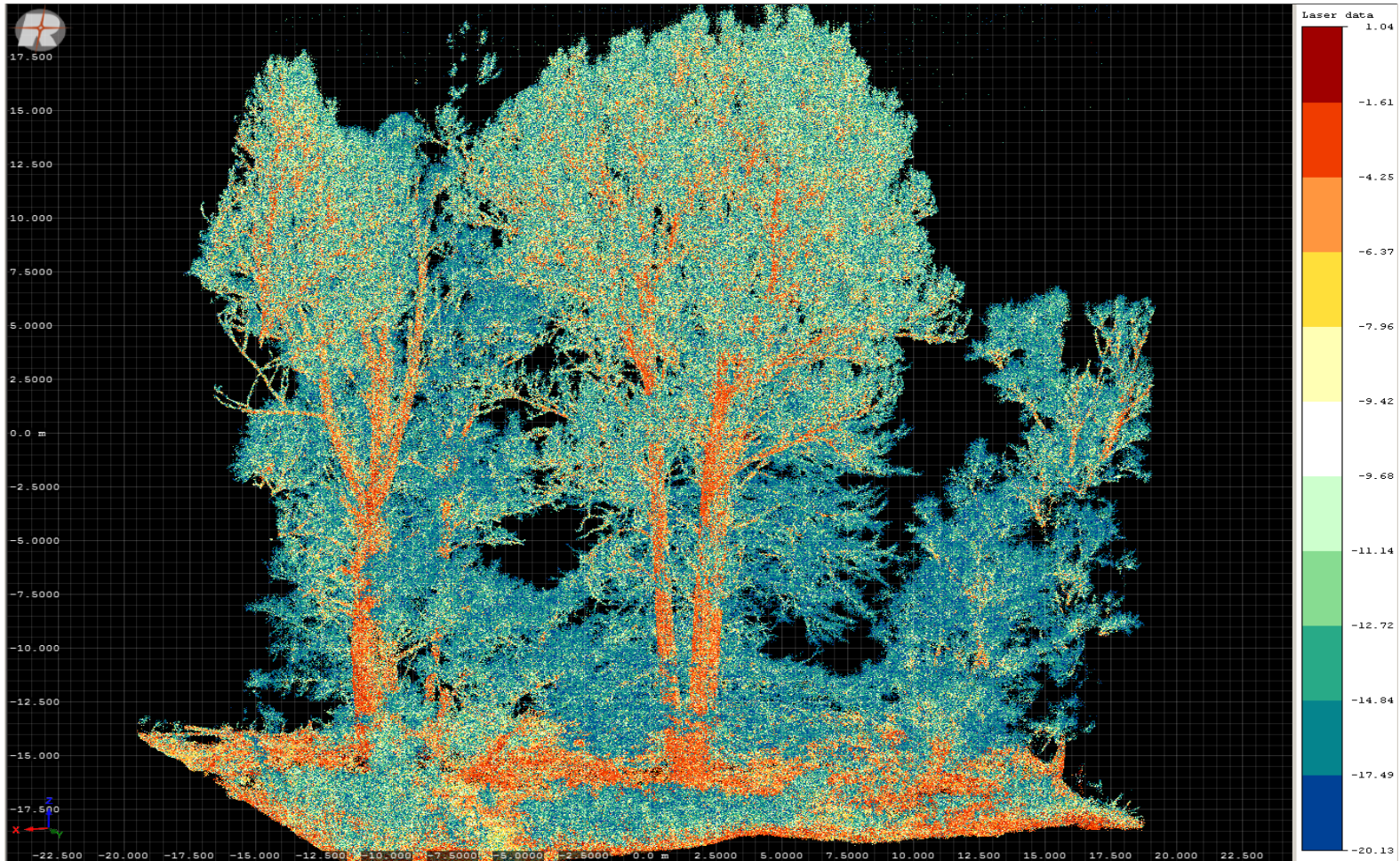


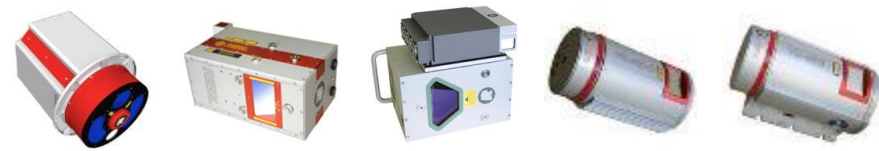
Data Capturing: Point Density



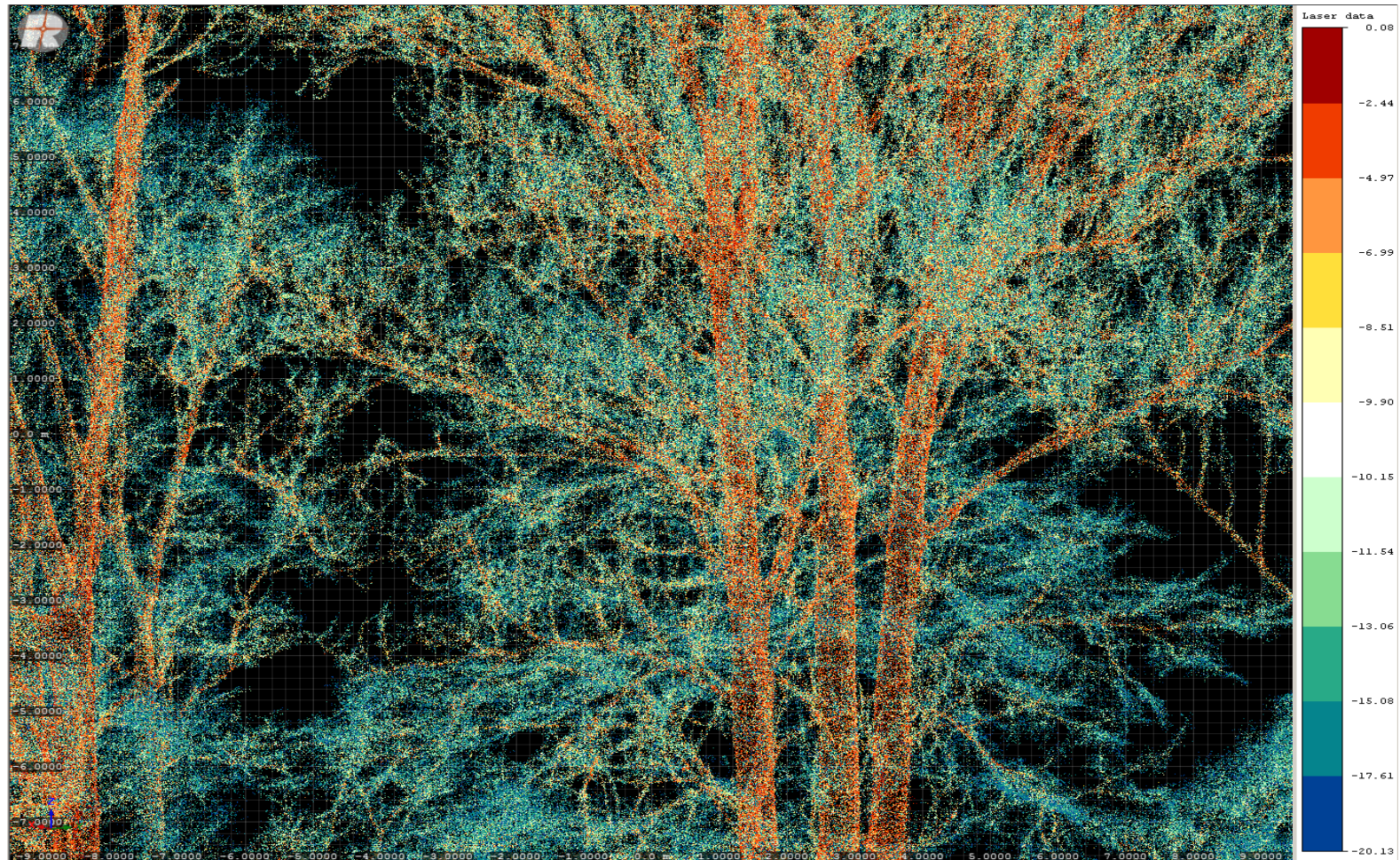


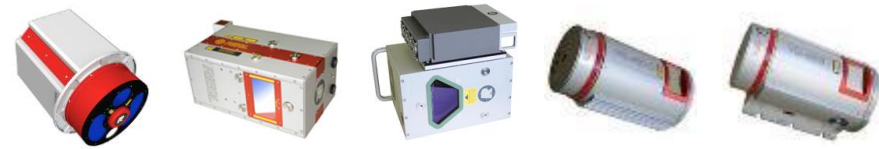
3D Point Cloud: Alluvial Forest



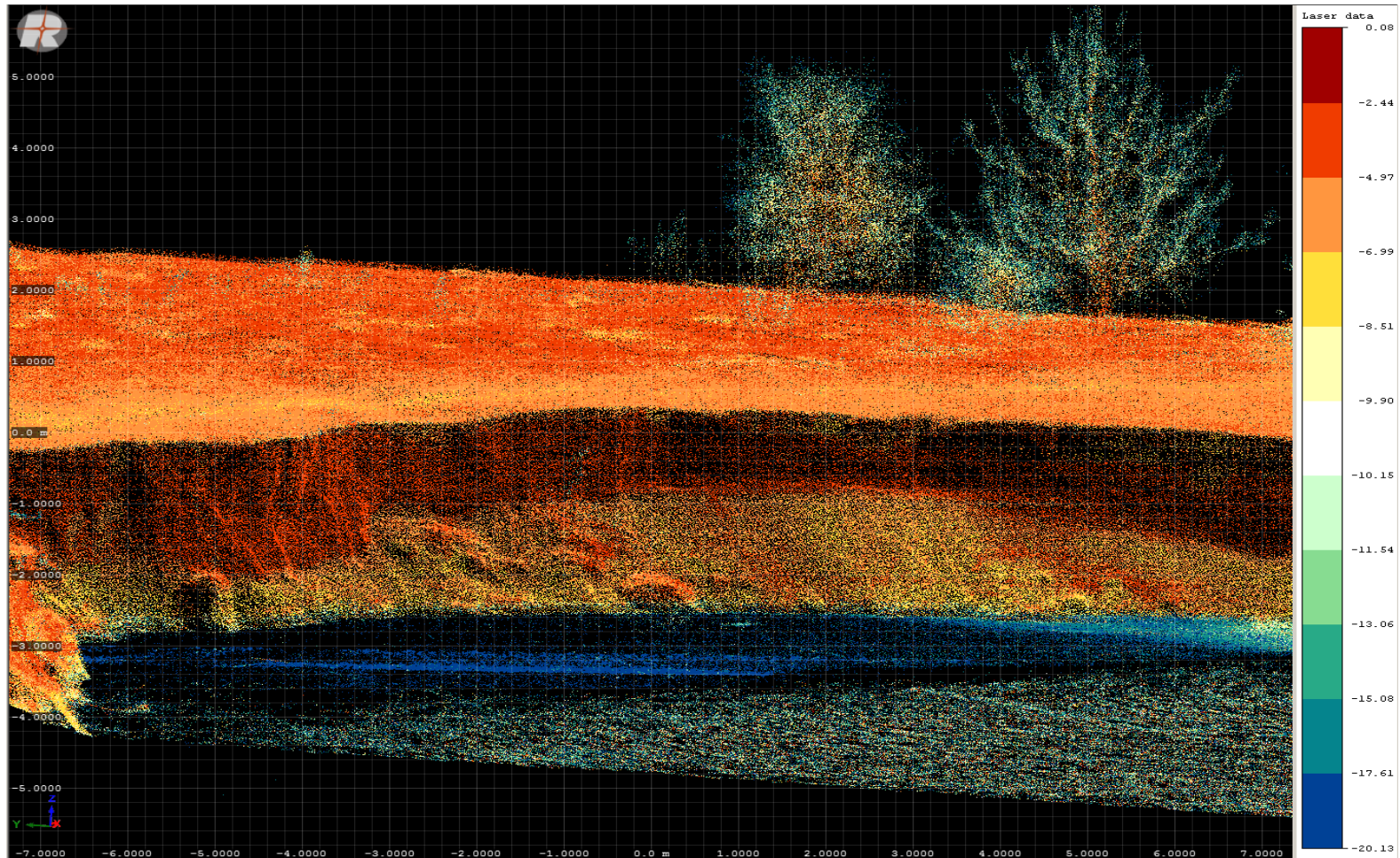


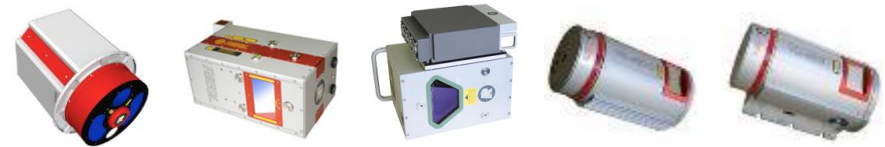
3D Point Cloud: Alluvial Forest Branches





3D Point Cloud: Steep Bank & Floodplain





Conclusion

RIEGL Laser Measurement Systems' latest developments, the RiCopter and the VUX-SYS, are the first systems in the ULS segment that are bridging the gap between airborne, mobile, and terrestrial laser scanning.

ULS systems are bringing professional survey-grade quality of laser scanning that will enable current and new users to be highly productive and to deliver 3D analytics much more efficiently.

Thank You and Any Questions?